

CHINESE PIG IRON HAS NOW CAPTURED THE PACIFIC COAST

Southern Trade Paper Indicates Danger of New Tariff.

PRODUCTS OF COOLIE LABOR

Being Admitted Free of Duty to This Country and Southern Iron Makers Find They Have Been Crowded Out of Their Most Profitable Market.

In connection with the recent discussion of the effect of the present tariff on the iron interests of the South a well known authority on this industry in a letter to the Manufacturers' Record says:

"Chinese pig iron has taken over the market. Although large quantities of Alabama pig iron were formerly sold on the Pacific Coast, the market is now lost to the Southern pig iron producers. Chinese pig iron can be laid down at our Pacific Coast ports for several dollars per ton less than the lowest price American producers can name."

The Hanyang Iron Works at Hankow China has been enlarged and under the direction of Japanese financiers is successfully producing large quantities of steel rails, bar and structural steel.

The wages paid to Chinese laborers range from 15 cents to 18 cents per day.

In one of a series of lectures by Professor Toyouchi Tsingaku before the Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences in March of 1913 it is asserted as fact that a short time previous to his visit from Hankow China was brought down the 6,000 miles of the Yangtze river across the ocean from China across the continent and laid down in Brooklyn at the price of \$17.50 per ton. It is a fact that Chinese pig iron was imported into New York where the duty was \$1 per ton under the Dingley law and was sold at competitive prices with domestic iron.

Pig iron and steel are now manufactured in large quantities in India by cheap male and female coolie labor at wages ranging from 10 cents to 15 cents per day. These products are sold in countries contiguous to India at less than cost of production in the United States. The cheaply produced material will eventually find its way into this country as has been the case with Chinese pig iron. The Dingley tariff law taxes foreign pig iron at rates equal to and other steel products on the free list. As a consequence there is nothing to prevent such products being imported from India into our Pacific Coast markets.

It is the policy of our government to protect American workers by refusing to permit the importation of cheap foreign labor but under our recent tariff law there is no barrier to the importation of the product of this cheap coolie labor to the detriment of our American workers which is the highest priced labor in the world. The Chinese coolie and other steel products on the free list are taxed at rates equal to and other steel products on the free list. As a consequence there is nothing to prevent such products being imported from India into our Pacific Coast markets.

It is the policy of our government to protect American workers by refusing to permit the importation of cheap coolie labor but under our recent tariff law there is no barrier to the importation of the product of this cheap coolie labor to the detriment of our American workers which is the highest priced labor in the world.

The first shipment from Pittsburg to Panama Canal is due to be made on June 15th.

The first shipment of Monroe River coal for varied uses from Pittsburg is bound to the Panama Canal and will follow the expected route in the Ohio river. The steamship Exporter is to be loading in the Fifth port on the Ohio river with a load of 22,000 tons of coal to be shipped at New Orleans to be transferred to the receiving station of the Panama Canal.

The initial shipment represents approximately \$200,000 worth of the many more to be shipped before the completion of the contract. Pittsburg coal has been used extensively as fuel in Panama but it is claimed this is the first shipment made direct and billed through from Pittsburg to the Canal zone.

OHIO BREAKS RECORD

Products Over 36,000,000 Tons in 1913

Value at \$400,000,000

All products made in the coal production of Ohio's are exceeded in 1913 both in quantity and value notwithstanding that coal mining operations like all other industries in the state were seriously interfered with by an unprecedented inundation in March and April of that year according to E. W. Parker of the U. S. Geological Survey. Many were and still are in liquidation companies were financially out of business through a good part of the state for more than a month so that the possible production was cut down probably 5,000,000 tons. In spite of this interruption the production increased from the previous maximum output of 34,527,727 short tons in 1912 to 36,290,427 tons in 1913, or an increase of 1,561,900 tons. The increased value was \$2,564,595 from \$2,032,263 to \$2,619,448 or 0.5—and the average price per ton shown an advance of 3 cents—from \$1.07 in 1912 to \$1.10 in 1913.

Although the spring floods caused many of the mines to remain idle for a month or more, the average number of employees made by the employers of coal miners was 200 days in 1913 (against 202 days in 1912) and the average production

of each man employed was 700 tons

for the year compared with 745 tons

in 1912. This gain in individual pro-

duction was due in large part to the larger production of mine owned

coal in connection of which to

read in connection of which to

the total tonnage Ohio stands well

in the lead among the coal producing

states in 1913, 22,642,548 tons or 7.2

per cent of Ohio's total production

was mined by machines. The in-

crease in machine mine is 1,000,000

tons or \$32,117,000 more than 1912.

At the present

time Ohio enjoys the excellent record

of having less than 4 per cent of the

total output reported as shot off the

sold or powder mined. Electrically

driven chain break machines far out

number all other types of machines

in the Ohio mines as can be seen in

the accompanying photograph.

At the present

time Ohio enjoys the excellent record

of having less than 4 per cent of the

total output reported as shot off the

sold or powder mined. Electrically

driven chain break machines far out

number all other types of machines

in the Ohio mines as can be seen in

the accompanying photograph.

At the present

time Ohio enjoys the excellent record

of having less than 4 per cent of the

total output reported as shot off the

sold or powder mined. Electrically

driven chain break machines far out

number all other types of machines

in the Ohio mines as can be seen in

the accompanying photograph.

At the present

time Ohio enjoys the excellent record

of having less than 4 per cent of the

total output reported as shot off the

sold or powder mined. Electrically

driven chain break machines far out

number all other types of machines

in the Ohio mines as can be seen in

the accompanying photograph.

At the present

time Ohio enjoys the excellent record

of having less than 4 per cent of the

total output reported as shot off the

sold or powder mined. Electrically

driven chain break machines far out

number all other types of machines

in the Ohio mines as can be seen in

the accompanying photograph.

At the present

time Ohio enjoys the excellent record

of having less than 4 per cent of the

total output reported as shot off the

sold or powder mined. Electrically

driven chain break machines far out

number all other types of machines

in the Ohio mines as can be seen in

the accompanying photograph.

At the present

time Ohio enjoys the excellent record

of having less than 4 per cent of the

total output reported as shot off the

sold or powder mined. Electrically

driven chain break machines far out

number all other types of machines

in the Ohio mines as can be seen in

the accompanying photograph.

At the present

time Ohio enjoys the excellent record

of having less than 4 per cent of the

total output reported as shot off the

sold or powder mined. Electrically

driven chain break machines far out

number all other types of machines

in the Ohio mines as can be seen in

the accompanying photograph.

At the present

time Ohio enjoys the excellent record

of having less than 4 per cent of the

total output reported as shot off the

sold or powder mined. Electrically

driven chain break machines far out

number all other types of machines

in the Ohio mines as can be seen in

the accompanying photograph.

At the present

time Ohio enjoys the excellent record

of having less than 4 per cent of the

total output reported as shot off the

sold or powder mined. Electrically

driven chain break machines far out

number all other types of machines

in the Ohio mines as can be seen in

the accompanying photograph.

At the present

time Ohio enjoys the excellent record

of having less than 4 per cent of the

total output reported as shot off the

sold or powder mined. Electrically

driven chain break machines far out

number all other types of machines

in the Ohio mines as can be seen in

the accompanying photograph.

At the present

time Ohio enjoys the excellent record

of having less than 4 per cent of the

total output reported as shot off the

sold or powder mined. Electrically

driven chain break machines far out

number all other types of machines

in the Ohio mines as can be seen in

the accompanying photograph.

At the present

time Ohio enjoys the excellent record

of having less than 4 per cent of the

total output reported as shot off the

sold or powder mined. Electrically

driven chain break machines far out

number all other types of machines

in the Ohio mines as can be seen in

the accompanying photograph.

At the present

time Ohio enjoys the excellent record

of having less than 4 per cent of the

total output reported as shot off the

sold or powder mined. Electrically

driven chain break machines far out

number all other types of machines

in the Ohio mines as can be seen in

The Weekly Courier.

Entered as second-class matter at the post office, Connellsville, Pa., by Postmaster General, Washington, D. C.
H. P. NYDREN,
President and Managing Editor,
Offices, The Courier Building, 127½ W.
Main Street, Connellsville, Pa.
SUBSCRIPTION
WEEKLY, \$1.00 per year, 5¢ per
copy
ADVERTISING,
DISPLAY rates on application
READING NOTICES—Ten cents per
line
LEGAL—Ten cents per line for first
insertion and five cents per line for each additional insertion

THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 18, 1914

J. H. S. STIMMEL

In the death of John Henry Sebastian Stimmel, The Courier loses one of its most valued officers and managers and the community a faithful friend. Many men are faithful to the particular interest they serve, but few men so order their lives and actions that everybody in the community calls them kind, and none say of them "He is a true enemy." Such a man was he who has been suddenly snatched from us. The gospel of hate was a stranger to him. He loved his neighbor as himself.

In his association with The Courier which has extended over most of its career, he has always held positions of trust and responsibility. In these capacities he has been faithful and capable and honest. There are no black marks against his business career, it may not always have shown with brilliancy, and it was ever bright with honor.

CONSPIRACY.

President Wilson gives us another exhibition of psychology at statesmanship quite on a par with his recent deliverance to the effect that business was a mere state of mind. Incidentally, he shifts his position in this matter and admits that the times are not good but he declares with some heat that they are bad only because business men have conspired to make them so the purpose being to intimidate him and his party, to force them to abandon the anti-trust and other corporation regulation measures now pending in Congress.

Professor Wilson shows great acumen as a logician, but he is sadly lacking in the saving quality of horse sense. It is ridiculous to charge that the industrial interests operating the mills, furnaces, mines, ovens, factories and railroads of the country deliberately conspired to reduce their production to a 50% basis in order to try to keep the New Freedom from seriously impairing the other half, yet this is in effect what the President deliberately does. However, this is a pet delusion of the President. It will be recalled that upon taking his seat he issued a warning to business men that anyone caught starting a panic would, metaphorically speaking, be hanged higher than Harlan. Just why any business man should start a panic is hard to understand. But the President is not a business man. If he were he would know that business never conspires against itself, certainly not for political purposes.

The President's charge that the business interests of the country are simply trying to prevent the enactment of legislation which they believe will cause further business depression. The means used to accomplish this legitimate and natural purpose are the usual and customary methods of bringing their arguments and influences to bear upon the Congress and the President. The business interests are in short only exercising the ancient right of petition in the modern way.

Instead of impartially and earnestly considering these arguments and protests of business men against what they regard with excellent reason as legislation injurious to their interests and the welfare of the country, the President declares that the legislature will be pressed to passage denounces those opposing it as conspirators and ridicules their methods as those of the lobby.

"Business is as good if not better than ever," also declares the hero who kills the last dragon and a business tree. Business, as we all know, could not have been very good. As a matter of fact business is not good and judging from the definite utterances of the slogan its political nature would be future.

If there is any conspiracy in this country against business, it is not among business men. It will be found among certain political interests which are so intent upon constructing for themselves a ladder of fame that they cannot see the public condemnation yeaing at their feet.

IT HAS

The Deas asks the following rather personal question:

"And by-the-way, was there a meter installed, with all, in the editor's home?"

There was on with day, too.

The editor of The Courier has always been for justice, strike at the same rates as other companies. No favor has ever been extended to him by the water company at any time under any management or ownership.

We trust our answer has been to the point.

NATURE VS. DEMOCRACY.
The New Freedoms Standard quotes the Boston Copper News on the financial and industrial outlook. The Copper News thinks the Wilson Tariff is destined to bring about the greatest period of prosperity we have had since the Civil War. The Boston News is "Dry Trade's" game. In view of the situation doesn't comport with conditions in the Connellsville coke region. Under the circumstances people here will have to be shown psychological processes don't pay greater bills.

It is a case of note, however, that the statement that the greatest crop in history is in sight. That of course makes a slight of difference. It is the only thing fool Democratic notion has not been able to damage or destroy. Since quotations from eastern standard oil are up, we may be inclined for quoting the New York Sun on the situation. It says:

"The Hon. William C. Redfield, Secy. of Commerce, traveling Postmaster, Taxicab and several professors, presented Con to the public. Turcetiere locates upon this picture and is glad.

From far off California and from the fields of Oklahoma and Kansas Missouri and Nebraska comes the glad cry of a harvest that will bring for the eighth consecutive year no increase in the exchange crop of wheat. This contingency is, of course, remote, but it is not wholly removed.

There has been a great deal of talk on the water question but no one has yet come forward to propose a new form of government.

What a bitter truth remains at

Washington, that a crew of men

and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

not fit to be called

men and women are

COUNCIL TO PAVE COTTAGE AVENUE; PETITION IS FILED

Concrete Will be Used Between Main and Apple Streets.

MOST SATISFACTORY IS CLAIM

This Work Will be First Awarded Under the Bond Issue. Other Petitions are Expected at Next Meeting; Water Question Not Discussed

Acting upon a petition presented by six property owners on Cottage Avenue, between Apple street and East Main street, council Monday decided to submit to the series of permanent improvements which include the \$100,000 bond issue by paving the section with concrete. Ordinances will be drawn up and bids asked for so as to get the work under way as soon as possible.

A new feature of the street paving question was brought out by Solider Bigbee, who pointed out that while two-thirds of the property owners along street petition for paving, ordinances authorizing the work may be passed immediately. If, however, the property owners do not petition, a paving ordinance must be over 30 days after first reading in order to give the citizens opportunity to protest against it if they so desire.

The Cottage avenue petition was the first presented but it is understood that others will be filed before the next meeting. Among them will be Cottage avenue from Fayette to Murphy, Murphy avenue from Cottage to East Main, Morell avenue from the present paving to the city limits, and Baldwin avenue from Hillman to Franklin street.

The concrete paving will likely be adopted for all streets where there is no grade and where travel is not heavy. It is less expensive and vercurable. City Engineer Hirst printed cut.

Blank ordinances for street paving will be drawn up by Solider Bigbee so that when the petitions are presented it will be necessary to insert the names of streets and pass them immediately. Bids for a number of jobs are expected to be asked at the next meeting.

In connection with the paving proposition, the contract to print the bonds, whose sale the paving is to be made possible, was awarded to the Lehigh Bond Note Company of Pittsburgh for \$125. They are to be printed brown which is the universal color for \$1,000 bonds. A design submitted by Mr. Gans was adopted.

Superintendent of Streets T. J. Hooper reported a long list of improvements. Chief among these was the opening of the old market on Sycamore between Franklin and Main which has apparently been blocked for years. Arrangements have been made with representatives of the water, gas and electric companies to make repairs to streets where excavations were improperly replaced. This is to be done under the direction of D. T. Hirshman, the new street foreman. The bridge after power was turned on again was made on Edgewood and a number of minor matters attended to.

At Mr. Hooper's suggestion, council accepted the invitation of Robert Loppy agent for a street fusher to go to Uniontown on Friday June 26, to see the machine in operation.

It was decided to send a bill to the staff estate for a fushing bill for sewer which was found to be connected with a private sewer.

A resolution was adopted authorizing C. E. Dill to make application to the State Board of Health for permission to extend the Patterson avenue sewer 125 feet at the request of Stanton D. Sipe.

Councilman F. W. Wright reported that the special committee had located the public swimming hole of the Y. M. C. A. on the old market site. It was authorized to construct a swimming pool and steps. Mr. Wright also reported having received a letter from Fairmont, O. asking what the cuts would take for its old tire truck. He said that he had written back that a bid of \$225 would be entered. To this he authorized him to contact the salt as advantageously as possible.

The ordinance regulating the laying of pipes on streets where paving is to be undertaken was passed finally with a few changes suggested by Solider Bigbee. This makes it bind on all public service companies to lay their pipes.

Little was said about the water question, other than to pass a resolution directing that the solicitor's opinion in the matter be submitted to H. L. Robinson of Uniontown for his consideration and advice.

The resignation of Harry Miller as park superintendent was accepted.

Council decided to meet with Manager Thomas Simpson of the Bell Telephone Company on Tuesday night to discuss a new conduit to be used.

State Druggists to Meet.

The thirty-seventh annual meeting of the Pennsylvania Pharmaceutical Association will be held at Buena Vista Springs Hotel at Buena Vista, Pa., June 22 to 24 inclusive. At the same time Thursday the examination of officers will take place and a prize for the best paper presented at the meeting will be awarded.

Subscribe for The Weekly Courier, \$1.00 a year in advance.

PRANK WITH AIR HOSE MAY COST THE LIFE OF YOUTH

Harry Meekes, employed by Connellsville Manufacturing & Mine Supply Co., on the job.

A prank by fellow employees at the Connellsville Manufacturing & Mine Supply Company during the noon hour yesterday, will probably cost the life of Harry Meekes, 18 years old, of 1025 South Arch street.

After eating lunch Meekes and half dozen other youths about the age of 18 had been playing with an air hose which was connected with the compressed air tank. After using it for a time carelessly to blow dirt in each other's faces, Meekes was selected to be "blown-up." One hundred pounds pressure was sufficient to cause severe and painful injuries to the lungs and heart. The youths had been seriously hurt doctors were called in by other workmen and he was quickly taken to the Cottage State Hospital, where four physicians worked over him. It was found that the air had burst the bowels, causing an injury from which it is believed he can hardly recover.

Harry Meekes was employed in the paint shop. He is well known about the city.

OPPOSE REPAIRS

Connellsville Want Assurance That Building Is Safe

SOMMERTON, June 17.—At the recent meeting of citizens there was a warm interchange between the borough officials and John J. Lowry, assistant state fire marshal, over the question of the repairs of the Greenhill building which was badly damaged by fire on May 19 that the borough contends that the building is unsafe.

Burgess W. N. Porter charged the state marshal with having said to him and Fire Chief Edward McLean in the morning that the building could not be made safe and then wanted to know why after seeing the fire chief, Elmer E. Johnson, the borough's fireman, who was calling before council and assuring the members that the building could be made safe.

The Cottage avenue petition was the first presented but it is understood that others will be filed before the next meeting. Among them will be Cottage avenue from Fayette to Murphy, Murphy avenue from Cottage to East Main, Morell avenue from the present paving to the city limits, and Baldwin avenue from Hillman to Franklin street.

The concrete paving will likely be adopted for all streets where there is no grade and where travel is not heavy. It is less expensive and vercurable. City Engineer Hirst printed cut.

Blank ordinances for street paving will be drawn up by Solider Bigbee so that when the petitions are presented it will be necessary to insert the names of streets and pass them immediately. Bids for a number of jobs are expected to be asked at the next meeting.

In connection with the paving proposition, the contract to print the bonds, whose sale the paving is to be made possible, was awarded to the Lehigh Bond Note Company of Pittsburgh for \$125. They are to be printed brown which is the universal color for \$1,000 bonds. A design submitted by Mr. Gans was adopted.

Superintendent of Streets T. J. Hooper reported a long list of improvements. Chief among these was the opening of the old market on Sycamore between Franklin and Main which has apparently been blocked for years. Arrangements have been made with representatives of the water, gas and electric companies to make repairs to streets where excavations were improperly replaced. This is to be done under the direction of D. T. Hirshman, the new street foreman.

The concrete paving will likely be adopted for all streets where there is no grade and where travel is not heavy. It is less expensive and vercurable. City Engineer Hirst printed cut.

WELLS CASE HEARD

Parion Board Considers Murderer's Plea for Commutation.

HARRISBURG, June 17.—The case of Frank Wells, the electrician who was condemned to death for killing a man in a holdup, was heard by the board of pardons today on an application for a commutation of the death sentence. DeLoe was condemned two months ago.

J. B. Brumfield, W. C. McKeon and R. J. S. Lyons made pleas for the condemned man, and DeLoe made with representatives of the water, gas and electric companies to make repairs to streets where excavations were improperly replaced.

This is to be done under the direction of D. T. Hirshman, the new street foreman.

The concrete paving will likely be adopted for all streets where there is no grade and where travel is not heavy. It is less expensive and vercurable. City Engineer Hirst printed cut.

INSALD WICR COOLER

Wright-McFerrin Store Putting in Novel Device for Employees' Comfort.

The Wright-McFerrin Company is installing a novel device in its store for the purpose of supplying cold water for its employees during the summer months. The refrigerators in the grocery department in the basement are being equipped with a coil of pipe similar to those in winter heating units. The water which is "chilled" to a comfortable temperature will thus serve the double purpose of cooling the drinking water.

The coil will be sufficiently large to supply a constant stream of cooled water.

ACCIDENT AT HILL CLIMB.

Motorcyclist Strikes Wall at Turkey's Nest and is Painfully Hurt.

UNIONTOWN, June 17.—In the last event of the hill climb this afternoon R. L. Pitts collided with the stone wall at Turkey's Nest and was painfully injured. He was able to walk home but, however, was given medical attention at one of the local hospitals.

The motorcycle event was won by Homer Matthews in 49.4-3. Matthews was No. 1 in the race.

Children's Day at West Leesburg.

West Leesburg, June 17.—The school was in session in the history of the school. The program was rendered with credit to the school and was enjoyed by a large attendance.

The ladder of L. F. Ladd was the subject of the entertainment and the work done by the children and the choir proved the skill and patience of the supervisor. R. K. Wainoock and his assistant, W. H. Jackson, the evergreen closed the "Ladd's L. of Life" so wonderfully constructed that it left in full view of the audience the cross and crown. The matrons and decorations were beautiful and impressive. A liberal offering was tendered.

Council decided to meet with Manager Thomas Simpson of the Bell Telephone Company on Tuesday night to discuss a new conduit to be used.

State Druggists to Meet.

The thirty-seventh annual meeting of the Pennsylvania Pharmaceutical Association will be held at Buena Vista Springs Hotel at Buena Vista, Pa., June 22 to 24 inclusive. At the same time Thursday the examination of officers will take place and a prize for the best paper presented at the meeting will be awarded.

Subscribe for The Weekly Courier, \$1.00 a year in advance.

VISITING FIREMEN WILL FILL TOWN CONVENTION WEEK

Volunteers are Preparing to Handle Record-Breaking Crowd.

EXECUTIVES COMING SATURDAY

Will be Given Banquet in West Side Basketball Hall After Arranging Final Details for Convention Which Will Open Here on August 19.

Anticipating a large number of delegations the New Haven Rose Committee has arranged to hold the convention following the meeting of the executive committee of the Western Penna. Knights of Columbus Association next Saturday night in the basketball hall on the West Side. More than 100 delegates are expected to attend this meeting which will be the final one held prior to the opening of the convention on Aug. 19. At this time arrangements for the big firemen's gathering will be made.

The price committee has completed events and parade prizes is the largest ever offered. The convention town a feature will be the record-breaking crowd. Guests will be present and after the opening of the hall a motion was passed that a bonfire be used. The main attraction will be the bonfire on the West Side.

The meeting was enthusiastic and the prizes for the largest competing firemen, who are the best uniformed companies, are considerably larger than ever offered before. The first prize is \$55 and second \$25. Another feature in parade prizes will be \$55 for the oldest apparatus in line. The prizes for the largest and most enjoyable event will be the first, \$100 and the second \$50. Another meeting will be held Friday evening June 31 at the Young Men's Christian Association.

The meeting was enthusiastic and the prizes for the largest and most enjoyable event will be the first, \$100 and the second \$50.

The meeting was enthusiastic and the prizes for the largest and most enjoyable event will be the first, \$100 and the second \$50.

The meeting was enthusiastic and the prizes for the largest and most enjoyable event will be the first, \$100 and the second \$50.

The meeting was enthusiastic and the prizes for the largest and most enjoyable event will be the first, \$100 and the second \$50.

The meeting was enthusiastic and the prizes for the largest and most enjoyable event will be the first, \$100 and the second \$50.

The meeting was enthusiastic and the prizes for the largest and most enjoyable event will be the first, \$100 and the second \$50.

The meeting was enthusiastic and the prizes for the largest and most enjoyable event will be the first, \$100 and the second \$50.

The meeting was enthusiastic and the prizes for the largest and most enjoyable event will be the first, \$100 and the second \$50.

The meeting was enthusiastic and the prizes for the largest and most enjoyable event will be the first, \$100 and the second \$50.

The meeting was enthusiastic and the prizes for the largest and most enjoyable event will be the first, \$100 and the second \$50.

The meeting was enthusiastic and the prizes for the largest and most enjoyable event will be the first, \$100 and the second \$50.

The meeting was enthusiastic and the prizes for the largest and most enjoyable event will be the first, \$100 and the second \$50.

The meeting was enthusiastic and the prizes for the largest and most enjoyable event will be the first, \$100 and the second \$50.

The meeting was enthusiastic and the prizes for the largest and most enjoyable event will be the first, \$100 and the second \$50.

The meeting was enthusiastic and the prizes for the largest and most enjoyable event will be the first, \$100 and the second \$50.

The meeting was enthusiastic and the prizes for the largest and most enjoyable event will be the first, \$100 and the second \$50.

The meeting was enthusiastic and the prizes for the largest and most enjoyable event will be the first, \$100 and the second \$50.

The meeting was enthusiastic and the prizes for the largest and most enjoyable event will be the first, \$100 and the second \$50.

The meeting was enthusiastic and the prizes for the largest and most enjoyable event will be the first, \$100 and the second \$50.

The meeting was enthusiastic and the prizes for the largest and most enjoyable event will be the first, \$100 and the second \$50.

The meeting was enthusiastic and the prizes for the largest and most enjoyable event will be the first, \$100 and the second \$50.

The meeting was enthusiastic and the prizes for the largest and most enjoyable event will be the first, \$100 and the second \$50.

The meeting was enthusiastic and the prizes for the largest and most enjoyable event will be the first, \$100 and the second \$50.

The meeting was enthusiastic and the prizes for the largest and most enjoyable event will be the first, \$100 and the second \$50.

The meeting was enthusiastic and the prizes for the largest and most enjoyable event will be the first, \$100 and the second \$50.

The meeting was enthusiastic and the prizes for the largest and most enjoyable event will be the first, \$100 and the second \$50.

The meeting was enthusiastic and the prizes for the largest and most enjoyable event will be the first, \$100 and the second \$50.

The meeting was enthusiastic and the prizes for the largest and most enjoyable event will be the first, \$100 and the second \$50.

The meeting was enthusiastic and the prizes for the largest and most enjoyable event will be the first, \$100 and the second \$50.

The meeting was enthusiastic and the prizes for the largest and most enjoyable event will be the first, \$100 and the second \$50.

The meeting was enthusiastic and the prizes for the largest and most enjoyable event will be the first, \$100 and the second \$50.

The meeting was enthusiastic and the prizes for the largest and most enjoyable event will be the first, \$100 and the second \$50.

The meeting was enthusiastic and the prizes for the largest and most enjoyable event will be the first, \$100 and the second \$50.

The meeting was enthusiastic and the prizes for the largest and most enjoyable event will be the first, \$100 and the second \$50.

The meeting was enthusiastic and the prizes for the largest and most enjoyable event will be the first, \$100 and the second \$50.

The meeting was enthusiastic and the prizes for the largest and most enjoyable event will be the first, \$100 and the second \$50.

The meeting was enthusiastic and the prizes for the largest and most enjoyable event will be the first, \$100 and the second \$50.

The meeting was enthusiastic and the prizes for the largest and most enjoyable event will be the first, \$100 and the second \$50.

The meeting was enthusiastic and the prizes for the largest and most enjoyable event will be the first, \$100 and the second \$50.

The meeting was enthusiastic and the prizes for the largest and most enjoyable event will be the first, \$100 and the second \$50.

The meeting was enthusiastic and the prizes for the largest and most enjoyable event will be the first, \$100 and the second \$50.

The meeting was enthusiastic and the prizes for the largest and most enjoyable event will be the first, \$100 and the second \$50.

The meeting was enthusiastic and the prizes for the largest and most enjoyable event will be the first, \$100

BLOODHOUND PUPS EAGERLY FOLLOW A 13-HOUR TRAIL

Late Getting Started, but They Lead Cop Accurately.

NEAR-ROBBER NOT ARRESTED

Special Policeman Phalin Finds a Man Shaving in Stream After Night on Coke Ovens; Burglar Frightened Off by Iron South Connellsburg Man

Following a trail 13 hours old, B. & O. Officer T. C. Phalin found two bloodhounds on Wednesday ran down a man who entered the cellar of the home of J. H. Arnold at 1107 Sycamore street shortly after midnight, Wednesday. The fellow was taken by the dogs as he was standing in his doorway, and the dogs barked at him. The little tot climbed back into the car laughing gaily over the experience and begged his parents to let her try it over again.

Elks Will Go to Picnic IN SPECIAL TROLLEY CARS

Will Travel from Here to Latrobe and Board Train There for Idlewild.

Elaborate arrangements are being made for the annual outing of the Elks lodges of Western Pennsylvania and will be held Thursday June 23, at Idlewild.

Their plan is to have a picnic on the beach this year the Connellsburg Elks will leave Connellsburg at 8:30 o'clock on special street cars.

Large summer cars will be provided by the company. At Idlewild the picnickers will travel on a special train for the park.

Idlewild Park is a delightful spot

and since last year a number of improvements have been made.

There are numerous trees in case

of fire and there will be an aid to

the park. The telephone bell

rang to call him out for his run on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad. A moment

after the man dashed out and scampered along the alley. Williams heard

two shots and the fellow then heard

to shout, "Oh my God, don't shoot."

He continued his flight, however.

After his hurried dash he had gone to work.

Mrs. Williams called Officer Phalin by

phone and asked him to put his blood-

hounds on the trail, but it was not un-

till 1 o'clock that afternoon that he

found time to do so.

The dogs, which are but four months

old and three weeks old, took up the trail

immediately and without faltering

followed it until they alighted in exactly

the direction that a frightened man would

be likely to run, up the run, to the sand

crusher and finally down to the

sand crusher and finally down to the

water of the creek where that man was

still in the water.

Questioned by Phalin, the man said

that his name was Arnold and declared

that he had "made" Connellsburg about

every two years in his rounds.

He said he had been sleeping at the

ovens for some time past.

Phalin did not arrest the man but

he called him to tell Phalin so that

he could warn Arnold if he is still

hanging around that he must get out

of town. So far as is known, nothing

was stolen from the Williams residence.

Other South Connellsburg residents,

however, have lost considerable

warden truck recently. Mrs. Thomas

Anderson of Gibson and Pittsburgh

streets found half a box of onions

and other things missing from her

garden on Monday morning.

PURCHASE DRUG STORE

Dr. W. H. Peter and C. H. Loucks of

Scottdale Buy Pharmacy.

Arrangements satisfactory to the

creditors and receiver having been

made, a deal has been consummated

whereby the West Penn Pharmacy

becomes the property of Dr. W. H.

Peter and C. H. Loucks, both of

Scottdale. The new firm takes pos-

session immediately. The deal had

been on for some time but it was not

carried through until the latter part

of last week. A lease for the Kunkel

building has been executed by the new

owners.

Extensive improvements are to be

made. The central show case will be

removed and the display windows will

be shortened so as to give more store

space. Interior changes are also con-

templated with a view of making

the store more attractive. The old

stairway between the building and the

Yough Trust Company will be re-

opened. It is said, in order to afford an

outside entrance to the tea room upstairs.

The new store will probably be

managed by one of the men in charge

of the Scottdale store owned by Messrs.

Loucks and Peter.

A LIFE JOB

Law Apparently Makes J. S. Brymer a Fixture at Seeler of Weights.

A feature in the situation created

by the appointment of a scale of

weights and measures to act for the

city alone, which has hitherto been

overlooked, was brought to light to-

day when perusal of the act under

which the office was created showed

that the appointee holds office until

death or resignation severes him from it.

He apparently cannot be removed

during good behavior.

Thus J. S. Brymer, who was named

by the mayor six months ago, seems

as good as a \$1,000 a year job as long as

he cares to keep it; and considering

the fact that the dues are not likely

to be enormous, he will probably care

for it a long time.

Granted Marriage Licenses.

Leonard Clark and Martha Sub-

lette, both of Scottdale; W. M.

Guldsperger of Somerset county,

and Flora E. Spangler of Derry were

granted marriage licenses in Green-

bush yesterday.

Advertise in The Weekly Courier.

**BABY BOUNCES OUT
OF AUTO; LANDS ON
HER FEET, UNHURT.**

SMITHFIELD, June 11.—Bounced from an automobile as it went over a breaker in Main street, the little three-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Motta landed squarely on her feet and escaped injury.

The little tot climbed back into the car laughing gaily over the experience and begging her parents to let her try it over again.

**Robbers Are Busy
But Their Booty
Is Not Extensive**

THE WEEKLY COURIER, CONNELLSVILLE, PA.

SENTENCE COURT IS HELD AT UNIONTOWN

Judge Umber Imposes Terms Upon Offenders; Divorces Granted.

UNIONTOWN, June 11.—After a session of sentence court was held this morning with Judge R. E. Umber presiding, Judge J. Q. Geringen presiding with the hearing of James L. Donahoe's claim against John L. Byrne. The following sentences were imposed:

Charles Scott of Dunbar, a negro, assault and battery, one year to the workhouse.

John Conroy, stealing chickens,

John Cenetic and Peter Butcher of Brownsville, assault and battery, not less than five years to the penitentiary.

Paul Clegg, robbery, not less than three years more than the years to the penitentiary.

Mike Bremer, assault and battery, 60 days in jail.

James Brindicape, a trustee, a trusty in jail, ascending a board bill, four months to the workhouse.

John Clegg, violating the mining law, \$25 fine and costs.

Charles Wood, assault and battery, and aggravated assault and battery, 60 days in jail.

Edward Moore, robbing a store of South Connellsville, placed on parole for one year. In event of breaking parole he will be sent to the workhouse for three years.

Ellie Evans, assault and battery upon his wife, 30 days to jail.

John King, found guilty of robbing Klemensmith's drug store Broad Street, and given 15 months in the workhouse.

John Clegg, currying concealed weapons, a fine of \$75 and costs.

C. H. O'Farrell of Obipoly, assault and battery, fine \$25 and 60 days to jail.

In case the robbing of a residence is committed, the defendant is entitled to a trial by jury.

John Clegg, assault and battery, 60 days to jail.

John Clegg, assault and battery, 60 days to jail.

John Clegg, assault and battery, 60 days to jail.

John Clegg, assault and battery, 60 days to jail.

John Clegg, assault and battery, 60 days to jail.

John Clegg, assault and battery, 60 days to jail.

John Clegg, assault and battery, 60 days to jail.

John Clegg, assault and battery, 60 days to jail.

John Clegg, assault and battery, 60 days to jail.

John Clegg, assault and battery, 60 days to jail.

John Clegg, assault and battery, 60 days to jail.

John Clegg, assault and battery, 60 days to jail.

John Clegg, assault and battery, 60 days to jail.

John Clegg, assault and battery, 60 days to jail.

John Clegg, assault and battery, 60 days to jail.

John Clegg, assault and battery, 60 days to jail.

John Clegg, assault and battery, 60 days to jail.

John Clegg

Summary of Anti-Trust Bills Urged by the Administration

The anti-trust bills were passed by the House of Representatives June 5th. The legislation which has been hanging like a cloud over business, and which from present indications will continue for some time to come in that highly unsatisfactory suspended relation. The Senate moves slowly and it is understood that some opposition will be encountered. Following is a summary of the bills:

Clyburn Anti-Trust Bill

Designed to supplement the Sherman anti-trust law. Prohibits price discriminations under penalty of fine and imprisonment. Makes it unlawful for the owner or operator of an oil or gas well, refinery, power plant, hydro-electric plant to refuse arbitrarily to sell such product and such refusal is made a misdemeanor punishable by fine and imprisonment. Prohibits "discounts" or rebates under pain of fine and imprisonment. Persons claiming to be injured by such a practice are forbidden by the bill to sue and recover three-fold damages. Combinations and mergers that lessen competition are forbidden. Railroad pools are prohibited except such as are now held to be lawful upon approval by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Railway Capitalization Bill

Empowers the Interstate Commerce Commission to require the issuance of stocks and bonds authorized by interstate railways. Railways seeking such authority must give reasons for issues and the purposes for which proceeds are to be used. All issues

made contrary to the orders of the commission are punishable by fine and imprisonment of all persons, officers, directors or other agents responsible. In seeking authority to issue securities railways are required to submit to the commission terms, conditions and rates of interest of stock and bonds issued. Penalties against companies are brought with in the purview of the proposed law.

Distinctions are made to prevent the encroachment of Federal authority upon the rights of state railway bodies. Full publicity of the financial affairs of railways is assured through reports to be made to the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Interstate Trade Commission Bill

Creates a commission of three members which receives a salary of \$10,000 a year. All corporations with a capital of more than \$1,000,000 are required to file reports with the commission. The commission is empowered to classify corporations with capital of less than \$1,000,000 that may be required to report to it. All the time of inquiry into the operations of corporations exercised by the commission of corporations are transferred to the commission. The corporation commissionership is abolished.

All investigations into the activities of corporations conducted by the commission are to be made on its own motion instead of being under the direction of the President as is the commissioners of corporations.

Publicity of reports of corporations is required. Section 10 of the bill requires the commission by direction of the President, for the purpose of investigating violations of the antitrust law, to cause Congress to investigate alleged violations of the antitrust law and to make recommendations for changes in all laws affecting business.

The commission is required to see that the execution of any decree against any corporation to restrain or restrain a violation of the antitrust law is carried out.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

Persons who violate any of the provisions of the bill are subject to a fine of \$10,000 and imprisonment for one year.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

Persons who violate any of the provisions of the bill are subject to a fine of \$10,000 and imprisonment for one year.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in any court of justice for injunctions and penalties.

The commission is given the power to sue in its own name in